



# Novafert

## Biogenic Carbon accounting modelling: State of the art, limitations, and global trends towards the integration of realistic modelling in LCA.

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### Soil Organic Carbon modelling: Assessing Soil Organic Carbon Changes in European Croplands and Grasslands

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January 16<sup>th</sup>, online

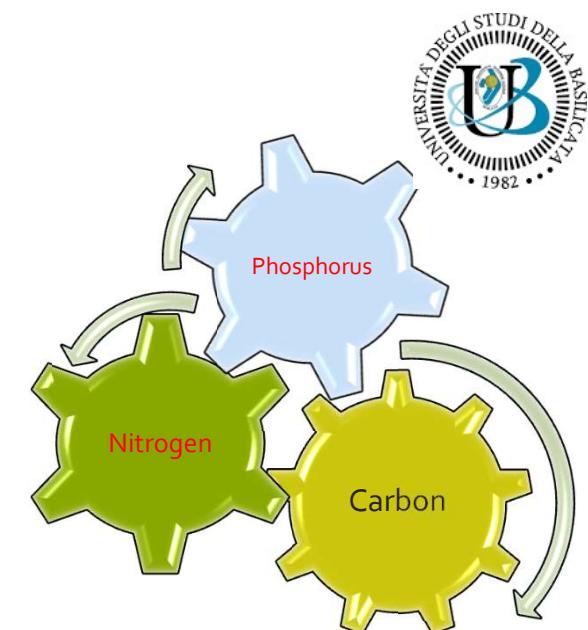


Funded by the  
European Union



# Soil Carbon Storage

Soil C sequestration is just reducing CO<sub>2</sub>?



# Soil Carbon Storage



The spatial identification of the main drivers of SOC depletion is paramount in the preparation of agricultural policies aimed at enhancing the resilience of EU AG systems

**Estimate WHERE and HOW MUCH at spatial scale?**

# Land Use and Coverage Area frame Survey

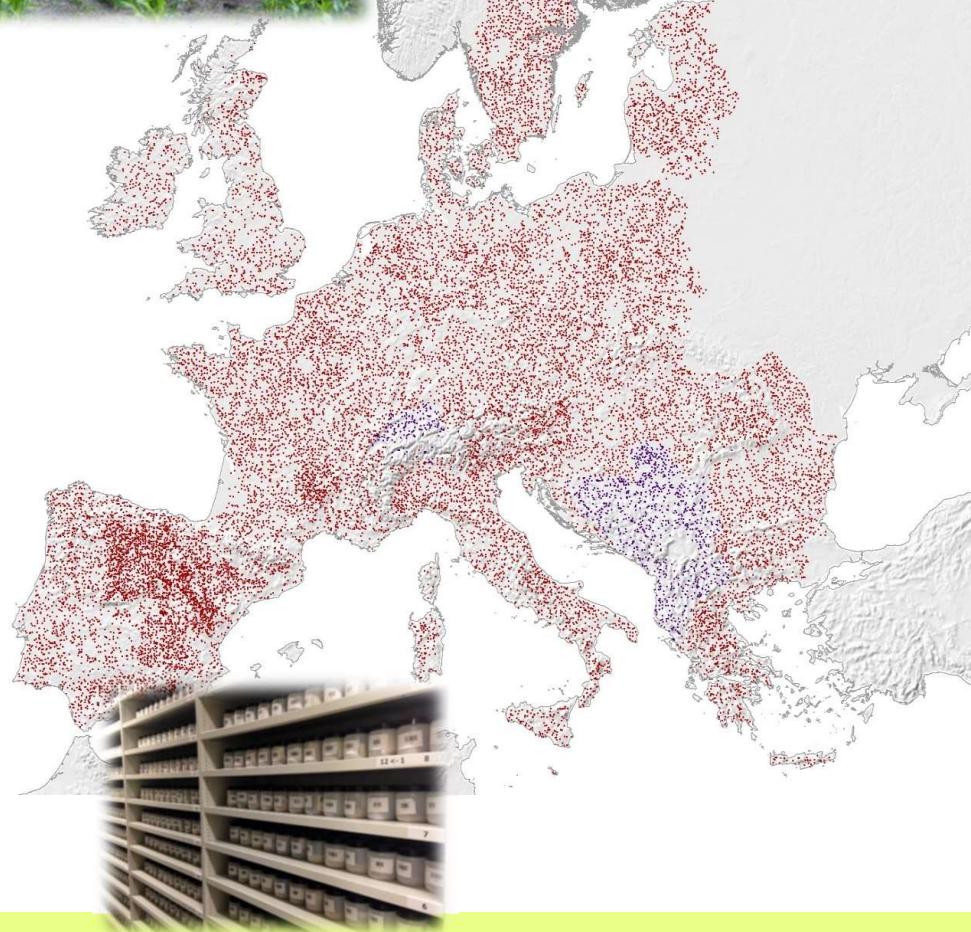


## Soil component

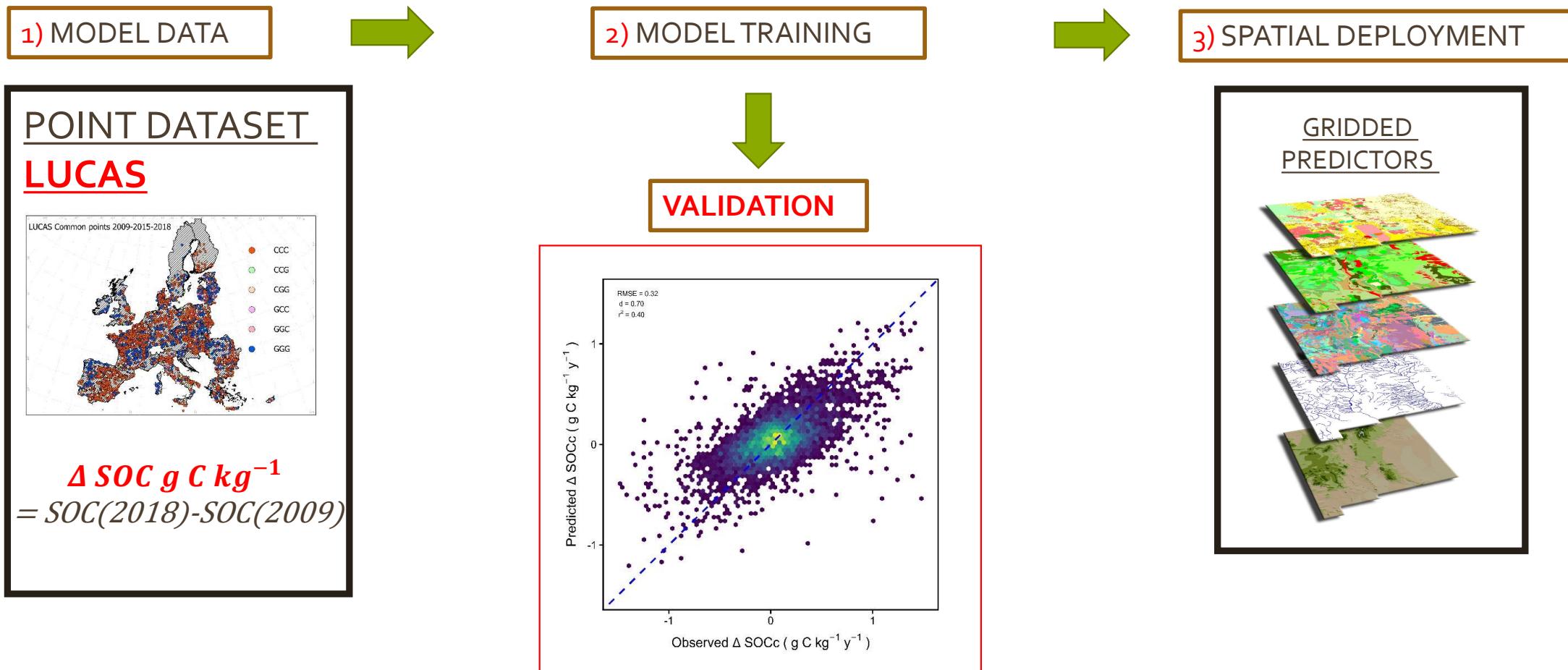
- ~ 22'000 topsoil samples
- main physico-chemical soil properties
- 2009, 2015, 2018 completed
- 2022 ongoing analysis 40K (Samp. Framework SOC)
- Next ?

## Is it a SOC monitoring framework?

- Only topsoil 0-20 cm – For 2022 0-30cm
- No systematic bulk density – For 2022 updated
- Limited management information

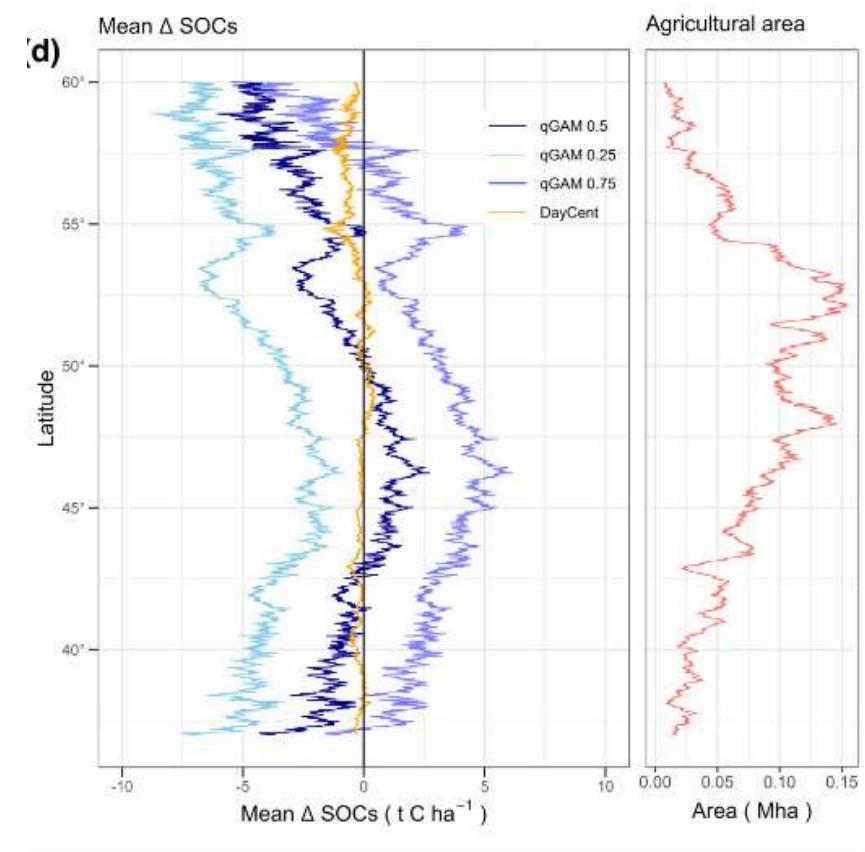
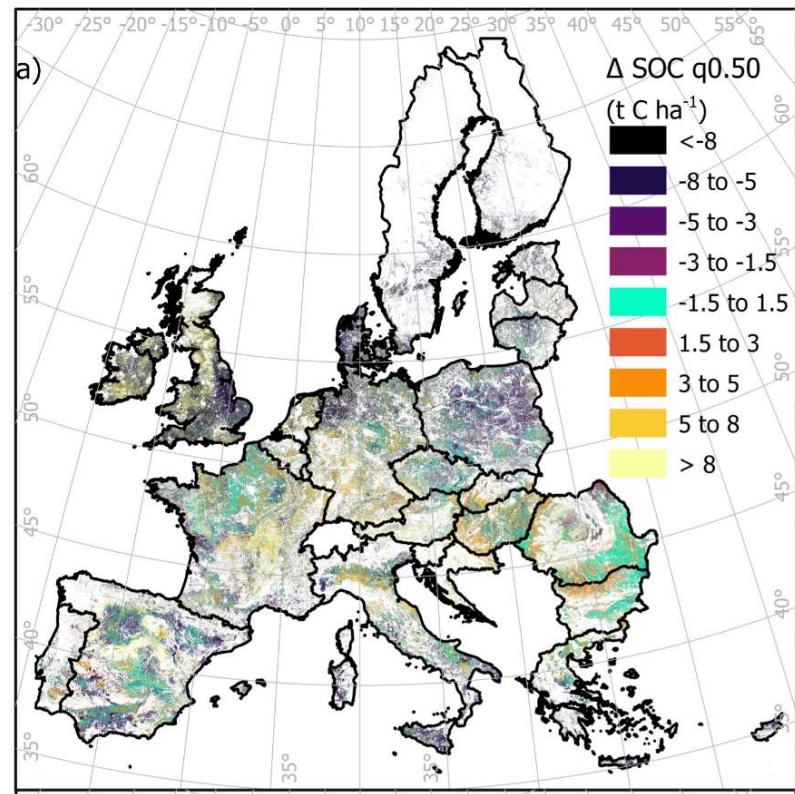


# SOC CHANGES - Modelling approach- Methods



# SOC, how much have we lost in the past decade?

-0.75% between 2009 and 2018 ----> ~ 70 Mt C (0-0.2m depth) = **28 MtCO<sub>2</sub>e per year**



# SOC losses drivers

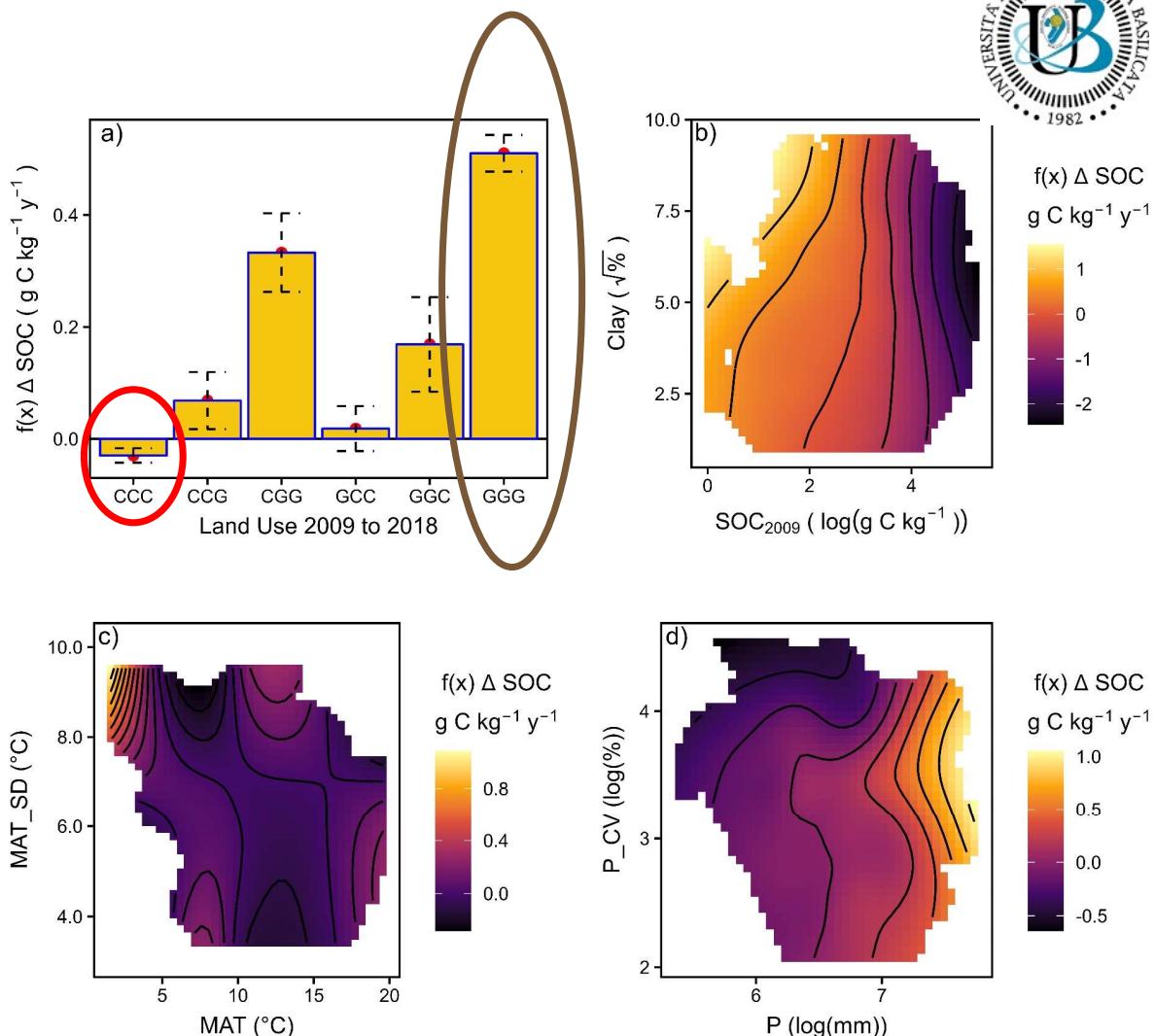
- LAND USE

Continuous Grassland (GGG)



Continuous Cropland (CCC)

Transition C to G



# SOC losses drivers

- LAND USE

Continuous Grassland (GGG)

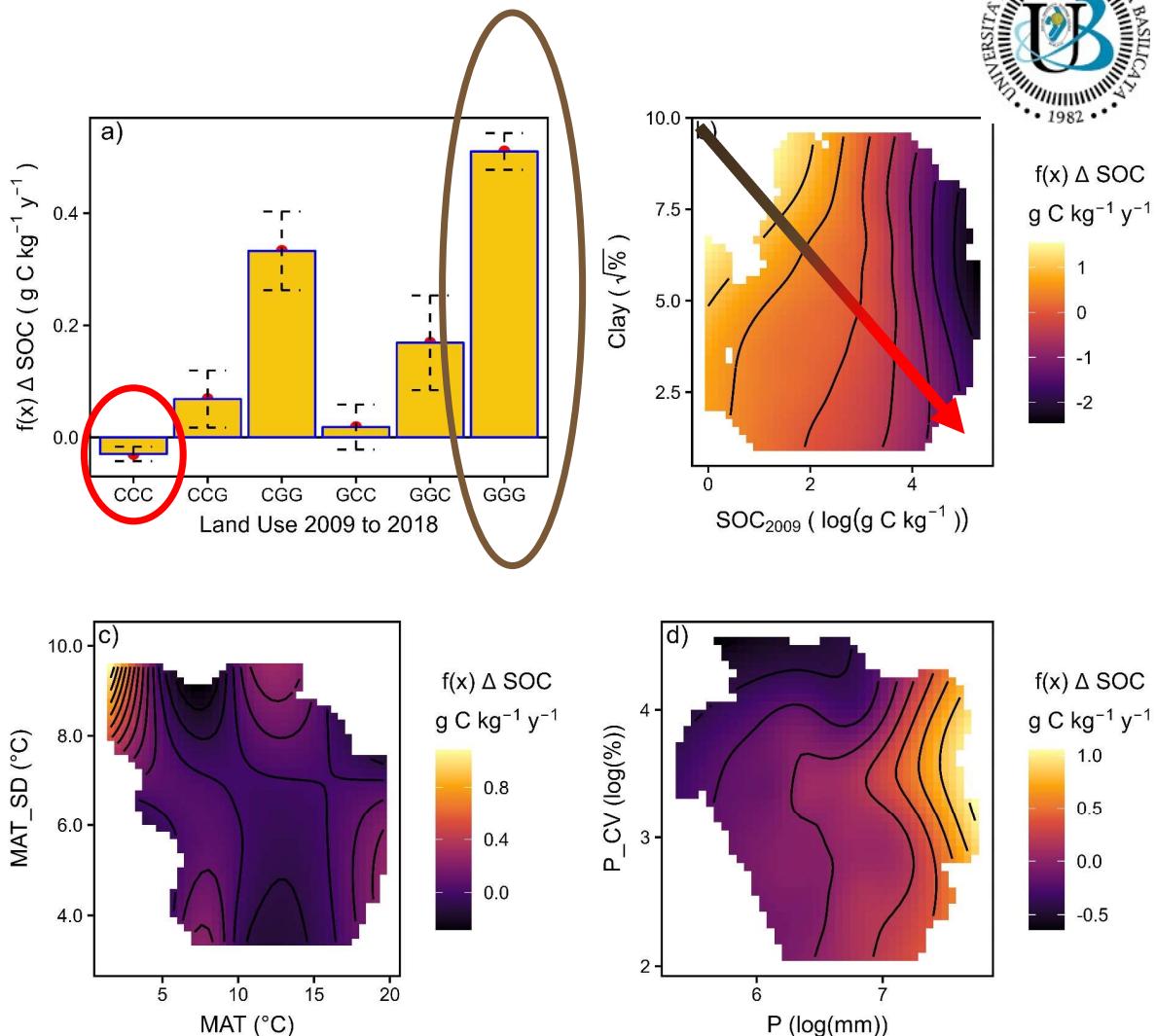
$+ \Delta$

Continuous Cropland (CCC)

$- \Delta$

Transition C to G

- 2009 SOC and clay  
High SOC High losses  
Clay protects SOC



# SOC losses drivers

- LAND USE

Continuous Grassland (GGG)

$+ \Delta$

Continuous Cropland (CCC)

$- \Delta$

Transition C to G

- 2009 SOC and clay

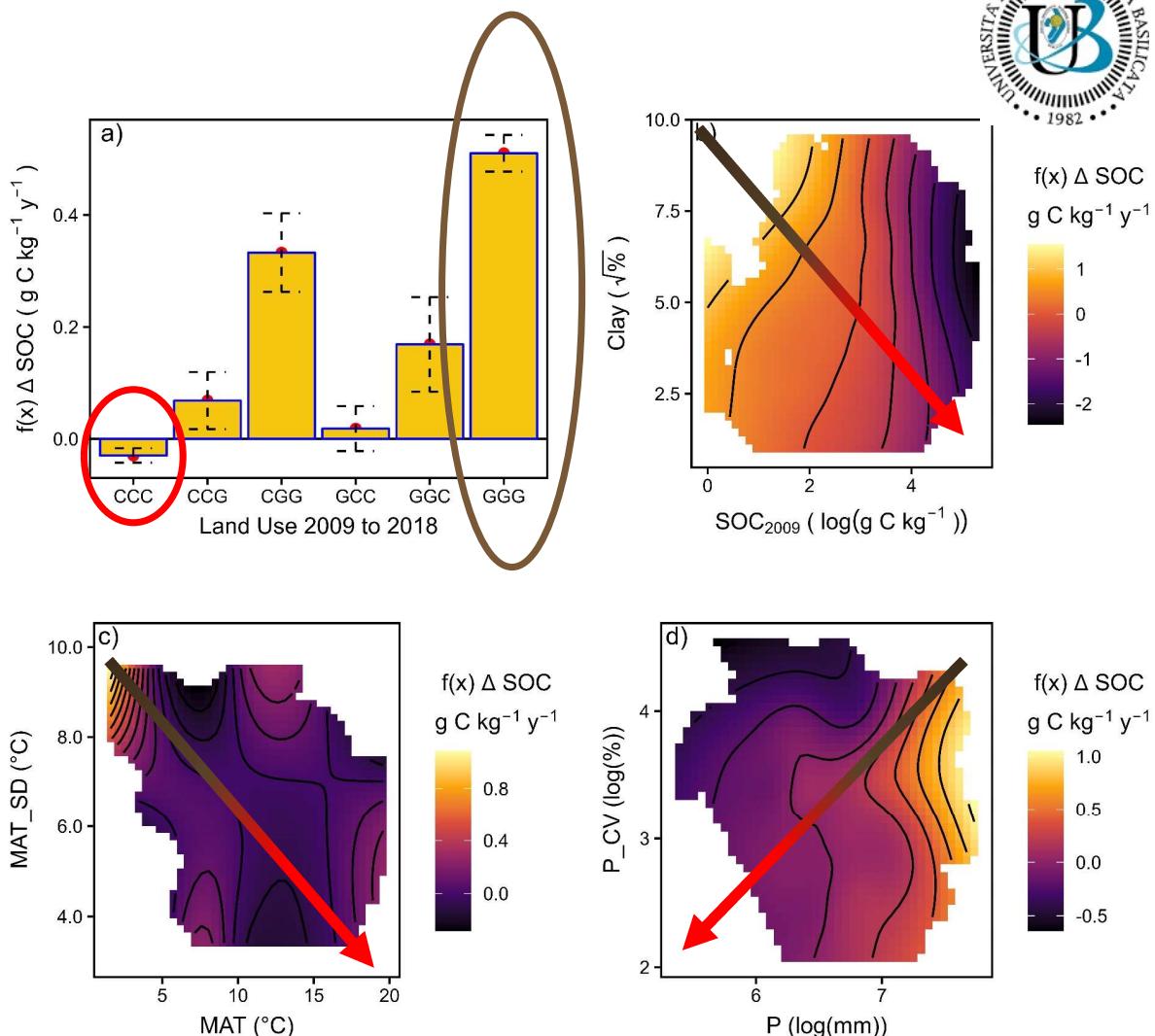
High SOC High losses

Clay protects SOC

- TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

High temperature high losses

Low rainfall low gains

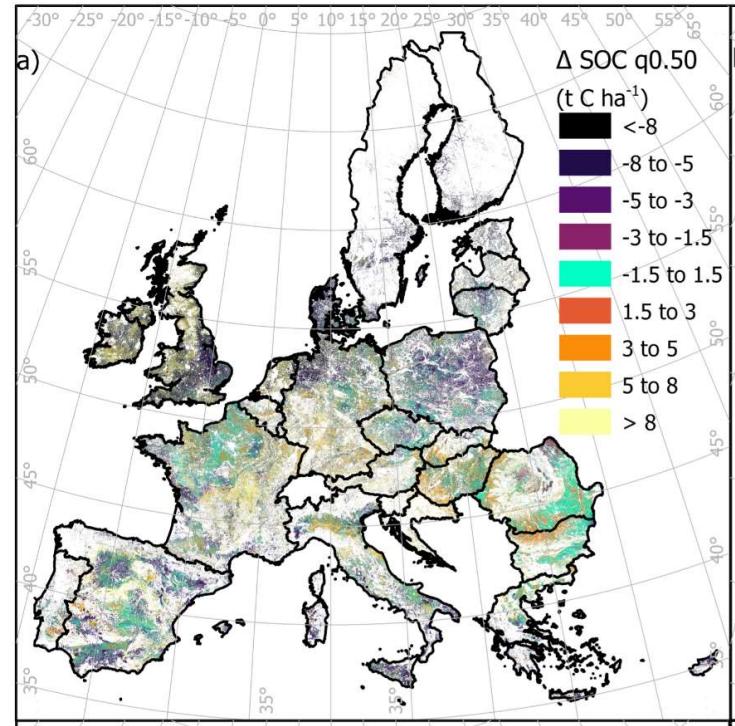


# Land Use Change – Basic Scenarios



Strategic approach:

- Where is more convenient?
- How much do I need to convert?
- What's the best trade-off?

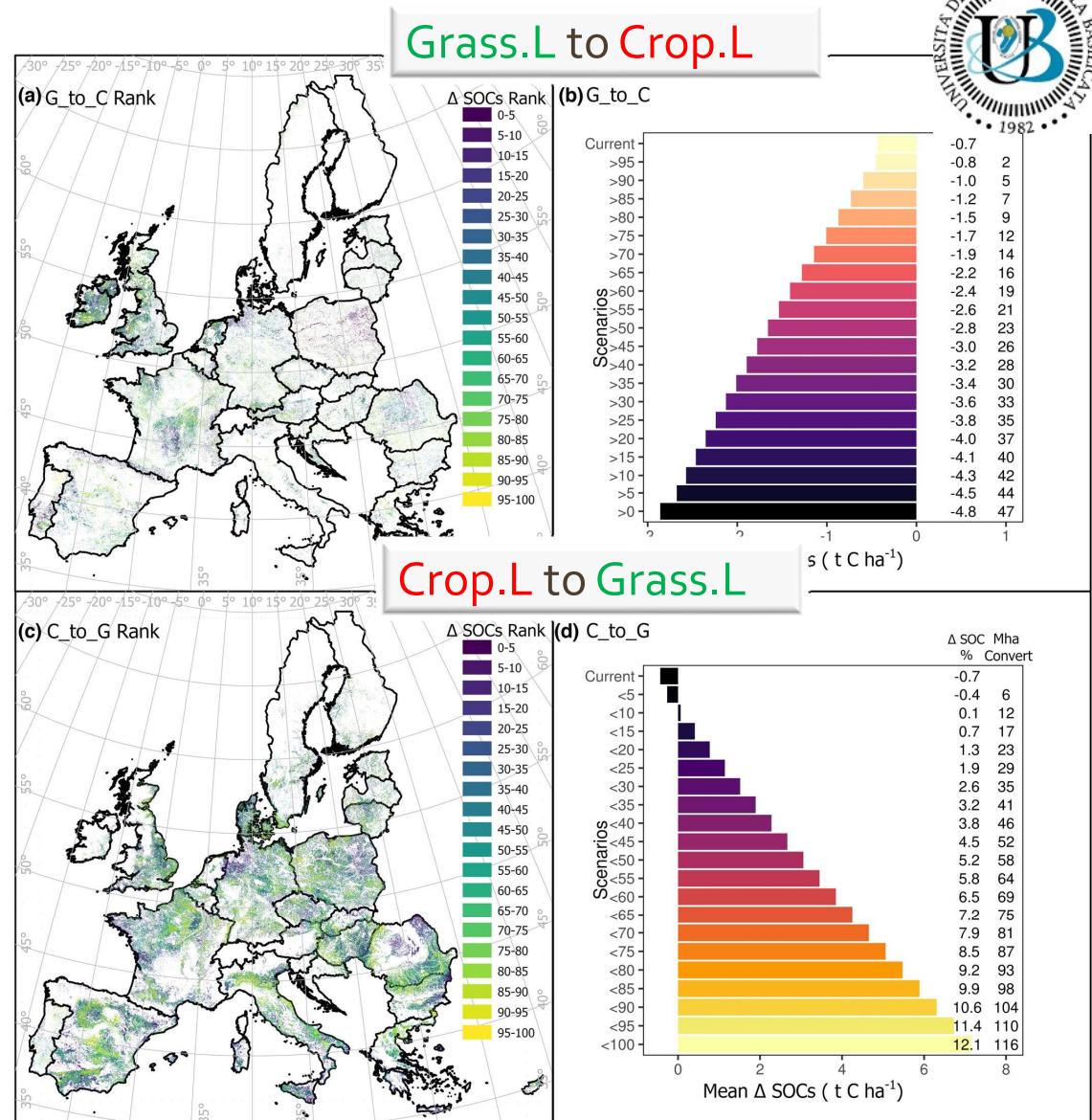


# Land Use Change – Scenarios

- Conversion of Grass.L to Crop.L  
 $\Delta SOC$  up to -4.8% (~ 47 Mha)

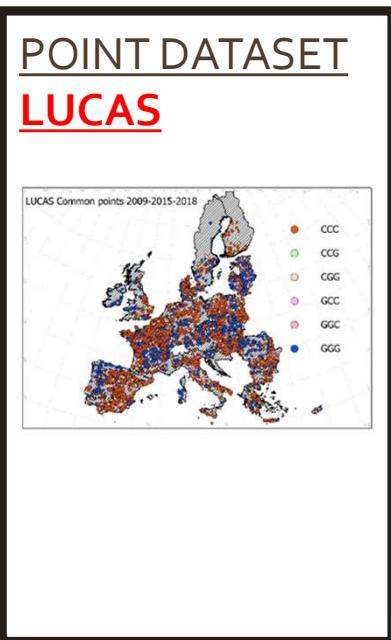
- Conversion of Crop.L to Grass.L  
 $\Delta SOC$  up to +12.1% (~ 116 Mha)

7% of Crop.L to Grass.L  $\Delta SOC$  0



# SOC - Data driven approach

## Uncertainties



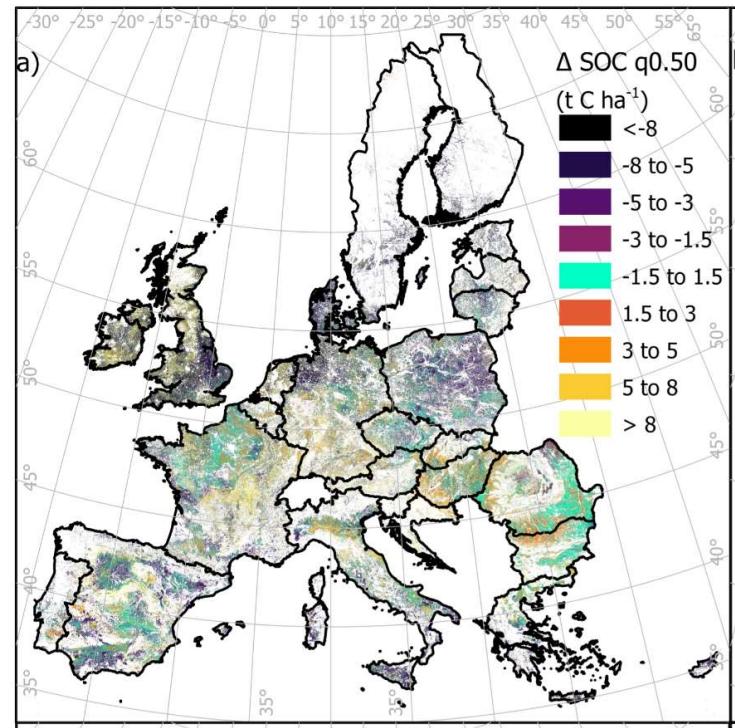
- Generic set of predictors (no activity data)
- No specific management information
- High uncertainty when projecting Beyond the observed time-frame
- Sensitive to dataset "boundaries"

BUT  
More data = High SPATIAL confidence  
**Baseline**

# Land Use Change – Basic Scenarios

Strategic and **Tactical** approach?

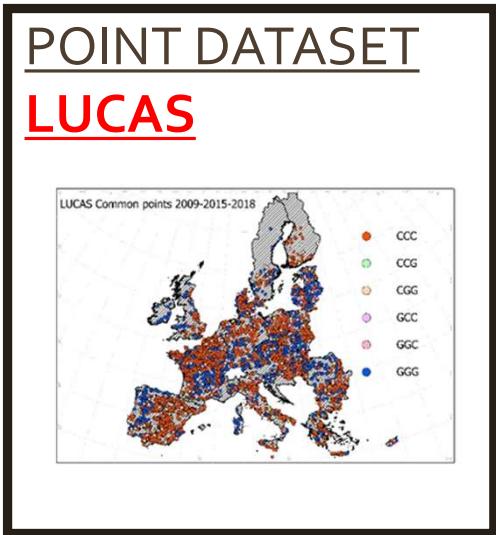
Moving beyond the dataset boundaries



# SOC – at spatial and temporal scale- NEXT?

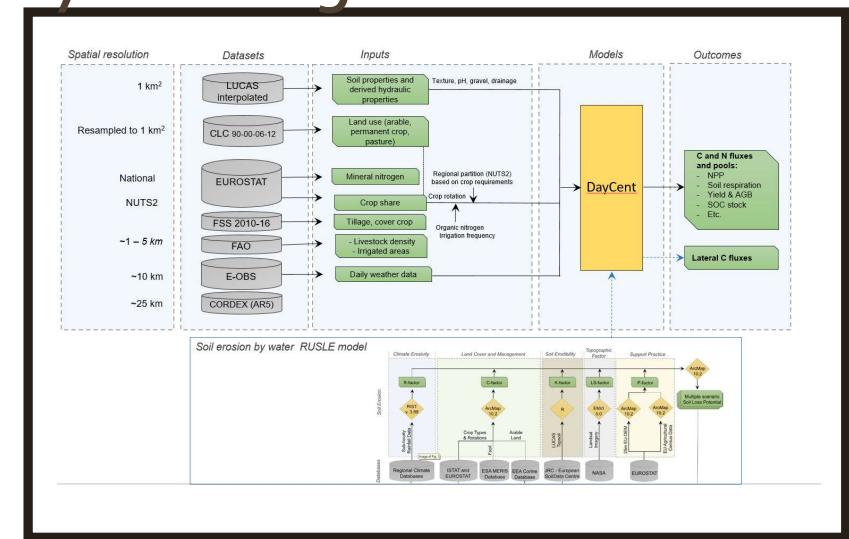
## Hybrid Approach (work in progress)

### DayCent *large-scale* framework



SPATIAL PREDICTIONS  
CONFIDENCE ↑

Bringing together



TEMPORAL PREDICTION  
CONFIDENCE ↑

# Thank you!!!

More details is :

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RESEARCH ARTICLE



## Soil organic carbon stocks in European croplands and grasslands: How much have we lost in the past decade?

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